

MORGELLONS DISEASE

FROM ILLUSION TO INFLAMMATION

Morgellons is an awful disease with the feeling of crawling insects under the skin as the main symptom. Scientists have long reported that Morgellon's disease is an illusion. They called it "delusional parasitosis". Nowadays there are scientists who find it irresponsible to label this disease as an illusion, since patients with Morgellons show an infection similar to Lyme disease. This means, among other things, that the source of infection occasionally appears to be in hiding, in order to resurface later.

Exogenous fibers in human bodies

At the moment, science is seeing this: fibers that do not belong there, are found in the human body. These fibers are of a human, vegetable or synthetic nature. These fibers cause problems such as itching and infection. For the time being, it remains a mystery why some people suffer from this, for centuries. It does not appear to be a common disease. It is known that people with this disease sometimes commit suicide because the itching is so severe. People are ashamed because their skin looks ugly and they feel distraught because they are misunderstood by doctors. Some people say that many more people have this disease but that the diagnosis is often wrong. Morgellons may also have as symptoms: nausea, headache, osteoarthritis, depression. It is a disease that is hard to catch. In addition, there are people who say that Morgellons is a kind of biological weapon. The fibers would find each other in the body and form a construction using DNA structures (from fruit flies) and with that it would be a kind of entity, the consequences of which are insurmountable. That last vision is more of a fear image that is created by people like Harald Kautz Vella, and there should be very hard evidence to endorse such claims. Though, a study of the work of Harald Kautz-Vella shows his fearful theory is completely based on misinterpretations of facts.

Exogenous objects in the human body

There are examples of people who have walked needles in their bodies for decades. Needles may start to roam through the body. Needles are large, thick and bulky compared to fibers. If needles can roam through a human body, then fibers can do that too. Many fibers, including hair fibers, are poorly broken down, especially when they are in parts of the body without digestion. As a result, they change their structure and appearance and are more difficult to identify.

Food and intestines as possible source

There is a possibility that hairs, such as exogenous hairs of animals, root hairs of skin hairs and dead hairs of man himself, end up in the body through food. Normally, the intestines function as a filter, but in case of intestinal problems these types of elements can penetrate the body. It is therefore possible that the body knows this problem and in most people the hair or fibers are destroyed. It seems logical to assume that these



penetrating hairs is a problem that the body does not see as a priority, as long as the hair does not cause disease processes. Ultimately, the body is not built to endure hair as "host", so bringing out a surplus of fibers through the skin can be part of a well-functioning immune system against exogenous disease factors. But in some people this does not happen without medical indications such as itching, inflammation, bad feelings of crawling pests, pain, fears and headaches. This may have to do with nutrient deficiencies and the overall state of the immune system, which more people suffer every day, in our current world. Also a malfunctioning microbiome might lead to exogenic fibers in the body.

The power of self-examination

If scientific research fails to occur, people will do research themselves. What is striking is that there is no official therapy for Morgellons, but that several active therapies are offered by people. These therapies are called effective here because there are people who testify to them. Because Morgellons has long been put away by science as "illusory disease", serious scientific research has never been done before the year 2000. That's why people started doing it themselves. In medical practice people can be cured of Morgellons. There are several people who report that medicinal food is the most important way to cure.

Morgellons is an inflammatory disease

Medics who have started to investigate Morgellon's disease see all kinds of inflammatory processes that are similar to the inflammatory processes in a Lyme disease patient. At first it is important to state that disease processes are not yet fully understood, but that it is clear that bacterial infections, viral infections, fungal infections are associated with other diseases. There is never a single infection, there are always multiple types of infection interacting together. In cancer processes, for example, there is a lot of inflammatory bacterial infections.

There is never a single infection, there are always multiple types of infections that interact together.

Combination infections

Parasitic infections are typically infections that are a combination of bacteria and fungal infections, in combination with a parasitic living organism within a body. Parasitic infections can be prevented with all sorts of food types, because the right food keeps the bacteria, fungus and virus colonies under control. Lyme disease can also be controlled or even cured with the right herbs. Candida is a fungal infection that often accompanies other parasitic infections. It is possible that an overabundance of hair fibers, plant fibers and synthetic fibers causes the immune system to be overloaded, giving bacterial and fungal infections a wider chance. For example, a chain reaction to infection processes is set in motion, making it understandable that one person is developing a different symptom than another.



History of Morgellon's disease

The Morgellons disease was first discovered and described in the Languedoc, France. In 1574 the disease was first described in a book by Leonellus Faventinus de Victorius. He saw that children had a lot of problems. They had itching and pain and the feeling that insects crept under their skin. The mothers washed their backs with honey and fresh milk. It was seen that fibrous structures appeared from the scratch wounds of the children. These fibrous, worm-shaped structures have been subjected to serious research for centuries, except between the 1930s and 2000, when the disease was rejected as an image. From the 16th century on, the big question is: are the tubular, elongated fibers living, or of a living being? What exactly did Leonellus Faventinus tell the Victorius? Here is a piece of text:

"There are certain living principles in small children that resemble worms, called Dracontia by the common people. They mainly settle in the muscular parts of the body, especially the arms and legs - especially the calves. Occasionally they even come together in the flanks under the skin and sometimes they occupy the entire back, (...). These little creatures have this property that unless they are exterminated by the right remedies, they lead to a painful suppuration, or else immediately cause the child to languish. "

Faventinus de Victorius also wrote a remedy:

"We are destroying worms of this type, which have the habit of sneaking into the pores of babies and little girls, with this remedy. If they do not become more prominent, they would not have their heads shaken out after they applied warm smears and smeared ointments and spices, then they should be positively shaken to come out. Take as much of the root of the wild vine, or of the white vine, if it can be pressed in one hand: boil it in a layer of well-mixed oak charcoal. With this the whole body of the child, and at the same time the worms, has to be sprinkled and washed. After this has been done, the mouths of the Dracontia that have progressed forward must be shaved off with a razor blade. When decapitated in this way, the child must be cleansed again from the above lotion by bathing in castor oil, and then washed and the exposed, and possibly cut, skin smeared with Syrian ointment. "

<https://www.dovepress.com/history-of-morgellons-disease-from-delusion-to-definition-peer-reviewed-full-text-article-CCID>

Conspiracy theory

In our current world we deal with this disease in a completely different way. An American women's magazine, Jezebel, describes the disease in 2015 as a paranoia of an individual. The women enthusiastically wave the Morgellons to the realm of conspiracy theories. The medical facts point to something else. Morgellons is recognized as an existing disease and is being studied by science. So, why do some folks say it is still an illusion? What's the matter with people who have Morgellons?



What do dermatologists say?

In 2016, a report of a medical report is published in the Indian Dermatol online. One patient complained of itching, burning, insomnia and fatigue and came to the dermatologist with fibers collected from her wound. After investigation, the Indian doctors came to the conclusion that it must have been the fibers of a broom. With this diagnose it has acquired the name Morgellons. It appears to be the first case in India that is officially reported in a medical report. The researchers go back in their considerations and search for the exact phenomena to a letter from Sir Arthur Brown from 1674 in which he describes that he has seen children with strong hair coming from their backs. The Indian researchers call it a mysterious disease. They also see that sometimes it gets the diagnosis of scabies. In the case of scabies, there are actually small insects on the skin that cause itching. That feels the same way and patients sometimes describe that as "feeling of insects crawling across the skin". https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5038112/#__ffn_sectitle

The inventor of the telescope saw Morgellons for the first time

Anthonie van Leeuwenhoek, Dutch scientist from the 17th century, is known as the inventor of the telescope. He wrote books full of his findings from a new world and unfolded it to the general public. He too was touched by the search for new science and researched the Morgellons. He watched the Morgellons through the telescope and concluded that it is not a living material but hair. That is possible. From current scientific research in which fibers were extracted from wounds, it turned out that at least one is dog hair. Human hairs have also been found in wounds. In addition, synthetic fibers have clearly been found. A scientific study has reported that this can be caused by flossing with nylon thread. Fibers have been found in wounds with keratin compounds of the human body. Keratin is the most important substance in hair. For example, the fibers could be dead roots of human hair. Somehow these hairs can cause medical problems, that much is clear. Other people who look through a telescope, however, come to different conclusions: they could have been parts of a living organism. Sometimes it is suggested that the long shaped fibers are in fact the legs of an insect. There is no scientific report on this yet.

Fibers as source of Morgellons

While studying the Morgellons problem with a scientific mind, the following hypothesis might rise to the consciousness: hairs, sometimes exogenous animal or plant material or synthetic material, that are removed through the skin through the body, cause inflammatory reactions, itching and the feeling that there are insects under the skin. skin. Possibly there are body hairs of people who grow up 'the wrong side' and cause all kinds of medical problems subcutaneously. These real feelings of " something under the skin " can be explained by these phenomena.

In the Middle Ages, Languedoc was the heart of the wool and silk industry in Europe. That could be a reason for the occurrence of exogenous fibers in human bodies. Also, it is possible that exogenous fibers in the body cause the body to grow body hair in an impaired way.

If it are internal body hairs that cause the problems, then it is to be expected that the body has a response that the hair is pushed out of the body. With an abundance of hair in human tissue, it can be a logical reaction of the body that the hair is pushed out through the body. That could explain the feeling of " insects under the skin ". Likely so, exogenous fibers may be pushed by our body to the outside, causing the same feelings.

Therapy against Morgellons

At this moment there is no official therapy against Morgellons. All sorts of websites, however, point to possible therapies and treatments based on nutrition. This is often supplemented with advice such as " go to the sauna every week ". A liver cleansing is often part of an effective cure. Detox is the healing word at Morgellons. The body sees too many inflammatory invaders. Our bodies must slowly recover from the problems caused by the fibers. And the fibers must not be fed by bad food in the form of a lot of sugar, industrial fats, artificial additives and white flour. We first have to eat well for a few weeks, with much more nutrients than we are used to, after which a liver cleansing can take place. Temporarily turning to vegetarian food can lead to a relieve of symptoms, because then we avoid any toxins from meat. It is extra important to use food and herbs that work especially against pathogenic bacteria and fungi.



Anise and star anise work very well against candida, and also Mergel-lons. Drink tea from star anise against candida every day.

Raw garlic, good against viruses, bacteria and fungi

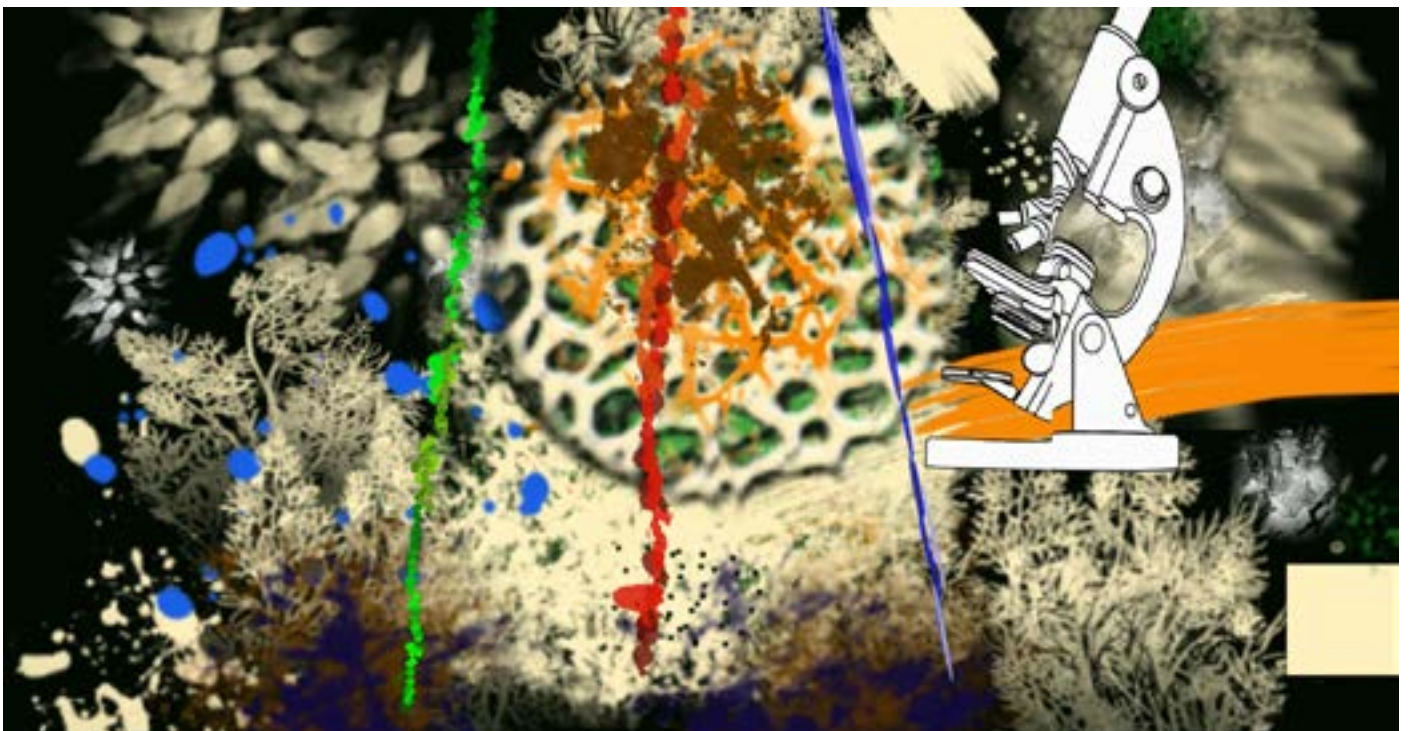
Garlic is very good against candida and good against all kinds of bacteria and viruses. Garlic needs to be eaten daily. Preferably raw, although that is difficult. Make garlic butter by cutting it small and mixing it with real butter. Use fresh garlic in salads. Boil soup and at last put garlic through it. Cut a clove of garlic on your plate, and mix it with your meal. That is the way to use garlic as medicine.

Going coco

Coconut oil is a strong anti-candidal medicine. You can use it as butter on your bread or fry food with it, instead of using supermarket baking oil, which promotes different types of inflammation in the body.

Oregano

Oregano is an herb that works against a series of pathogenic bacteria and viruses. The herb is known as one of the strongest antibacterial herbs. It is also a nice kitchen herb! You can use it daily in soups and sauces, omelets and herb butter. Just like garlic, you can cut it, or in this case cut it, on your plate above your food, so that you feed it raw through your food. The nice thing about oregano is that it contains a lot of nutrients. All kinds of minerals and vitamins levels in the body are complemented by a few weeks of oregano to eat. There are more nutrients in oregano than in most vegetables.



A

[Anti inflammation diet](#)

[Alpinia galanga](#)

[Alzheimer](#)

[Anemia](#)

[Aspirin](#)

B

[Banana flower](#)

[Barringtonia asiatica](#)

[Beetroot](#)

[Bell pepper](#)

[Bok choy](#)

[Broccoli](#)

[Brussels sprouts](#)

C

[Cauliflower](#)

[Carobflour](#)

[Celery](#)

[Centella asiatica](#)

[Chinese cabbage](#)

[Chocolate](#)

[Cholesterol myth](#)

[Cinnamon](#)

[Purple corn](#)

[Cucumber](#)

[Orange cucumber](#)

D

E

[Eggplant](#)

[Endive](#)

F

[Fennel](#)

[Food as medicine](#)

G

[Garlic](#)

H

[Horseradish](#)

[Hot pepper](#)

I

[Iceberg lettuce](#)

K

[Kale](#)

L

[Leek](#)

[Lettuce](#)

M

[Mangosteen](#)

[Medicinal Food 2019](#)

[Microbiome](#)

[Microwave food](#)

[Mint](#)

[Morgellons](#)

[Common mushrooms](#)

N

[Nettle](#)

O

[Red onions](#)

[Osteoarthritis](#)

[Otrivin, otrivine](#)

P

[Palmsugar](#)

[Papaya and papaya leaf](#)

[Pineapple](#)

[Potatoes](#)

[Purslane](#)

R

[Root celery](#)

[Romaine lettuce](#)

S

[Shallots](#)

[Shiitake](#)

[Spinach](#)

[Stevia](#)

[Supermarket alternatives](#)

[Sweet potato](#)

T

[Taro](#)

[Tomato](#)

[Turmeric](#)

U

V

[Vegan milk](#)

W

[Watercress](#)

[Wild vegetables](#)

Z

SUBSCRIBE TO VEGATALES AND GET IT IN YOUR INBOX FOR 18 EURO PER YEAR.

**THIS IS AN INTRODUCTION FEE FOR FRIENDS AND
EARLY ADAPTORS. PRICE GUARANTEED FOR THREE YEARS.**

